## Weights, Measurements, \& The USS KIDD

Veterans Museum


1. The USS KIDD is 376 feet long. Using the conversion tables, what is the total length of five (5) destroyers like the KIDD docked end-to-end as shown in meters?
2. The KIDD's fuel capacity is 3,250 barrels of oil. If the ship's fuel tanks are only a quarter of the way to full, how much more capacity do they have as measured in centiliters?
3. The KIDD displaces 2,050 tons when unloaded. She displaces 3,040 tons when fully loaded with fuel, water, ammunition, food stores, equipment, and the crew. How much is the difference between her loaded and unloaded displacements as measured in kilograms?
4. The USS KIDD can travel at a maximum speed of 37 knots. Her torpedoes can travel at a maximum speed of 83.34 kilometers per hour. What is the difference in maximum speeds between the KIDD and her torpedoes as measured in miles per hour?
5. The KIDD's evaporator can convert 12,000 gallons of sea water into fresh water each day. Doctors recommend that you drink eight 8 -ounce glasses of water each day. Given that the KIDD carries a crew of 330 men, would the evaporator be capable of providing enough drinking water for the whole crew based on the daily recommendation?
6. In the novel 20,000 Leagues Under the Sea by Jules Verne, the characters traveled via the submarine NAUTILUS. The KIDD was designed to sail a distance of 6,500 nautical miles without refueling. If one (1) league equals 3,038 fathoms, how many times would KIDD have to refuel to travel the same distance as the NAUTILUS?

## U.S. \& Metric Units of Measurement

## U.S. System

## Metric System

## Linear Measure (length \& distance)

| 12 inches (in.) = | 1 foot (ft.) |
| :---: | :---: |
| 3 feet $=$ | 1 yard (yd) |
| 6 feet = | 1 fathom |
| 15 fathoms = | 1 shot = 90 ft |
| 5,280 feet = | 1 land mile |
| 6,076.11549 feet $=$ | 1 nautical mile |


| 1 millimeter $(\mathrm{mm})=$ | $1 / 1000$ meter $(\mathrm{m})$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 centimeter $(\mathrm{cm})=$ | $1 / 100$ meter $(\mathrm{m})$ |
| 1 decimeter $(\mathrm{dm})$ | $=1 / 10$ meter $(\mathrm{m})$ |
| 1 meter $($ basic unit of length $)$ |  |
| 1 kilometer $(\mathrm{km})=$ | 1,000 meters $(\mathrm{m})$ |

## Liquid Capacity Measure

| 16 fluid ounces (fl oz) $=$ | 1 pint (pt) |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2 pints = | 1 quart (qt) |
| 4 quarts $=$ | 1 gallon (gal) |
| 42 gallons = | 1 oil barrel (bbl) (U.S.) |


| 1 millileter $(\mathrm{mL})=$ | $1 / 1,000$ liter $(\mathrm{L})$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 centileter $(\mathrm{cL})=$ | $1 / 100$ liter $(\mathrm{L})$ |
| 1 decileter $=$ | $1 / 10$ liter $(\mathrm{L})$ |
| Liter (basic unit of capacity) |  |

## Weight Measure

| 16 ounces $(\mathrm{oz})=$ | 1 pound $(\mathrm{lb})$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2,000 pounds $=$ | 1 ton $(\mathrm{tn})$ |


| 1 milligram $(\mathrm{mg})=$ | $1 / 1,000$ gram $(\mathrm{g})$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 centigram $(\mathrm{cg})=$ | $1 / 100$ gram $(\mathrm{g})$ |
| 1 decigram $=$ | $1 / 10$ gram $(\mathrm{g})$ |
| 1 gram $=$ | $1 / 1,000$ kilogram $(\mathrm{kg})$ |
| 1 kilogram (basic unit of weight or mass) |  |
| 1 metric ton $=$ |  |

## Speed Measure

1 knot $=1.151$ land mile per hour $(\mathrm{mph})$

1 knot $=1.852$ kilometer per hour (kph)

## Conversion Factors

## Linear Measure Conversion (length \& distance)

| 1 centimeter (cm) $=$ | 0.39 inch (in) |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 inch $=$ | 2.54 centimeters |
| 1 meter (m) = | 39.37 inches |
| 1 foot $=$ | 0.305 meter |
| 1 meter $=$ | 3.28 feet |
| 1 yard = | 0.914 meter |
| 1 meter $=$ | 1.094 yards |
| 1 fathom $=$ | 1.829 meters |
| 1 shot $=$ | 27.43 meters |
| 1 kilometer = | 0.62 mile |
| 1 mile $=$ | 1.609 kilometers |

## Liquid Capacity Measure

| 1 milliliter (mL) $=$ | 0.034 fluid ounce |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 fluid ounce (fl oz) | 29.6 millileters |
| 1 quart (qt) $=$ | 0.946 liter (L) |
| 1 liter = | 1.06 quarts |
| 1 gallon (gal) $=$ | 3.8 liters |
| 159.6 liters = | 1 oil barrel (bbl) (U.S.) |

Weight Measure

| 1 gram $(\mathrm{g})=$ | 0.035 ounce $(\mathrm{oz})$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 ounce $=$ | 28.35 grams |
| 1 pound $(\mathrm{lb})=$ | 0.4536 kilogram $(\mathrm{kg})$ |
| 1 kilogram $=$ | 2.205 pounds |
| 1 ton $(\mathrm{tn})=$ | 0.90 metric ton |
| 1 metric ton $=$ | 1.10 tons |

Speed Measure
1 kilometer per hour $(\mathrm{kph})=0.6214$ land mile per hour $(\mathrm{mph})$ 1 land mile per hour $=1.609$ kilometers per hour

## Teacher's Answer Key

1. The USS KIDD is 376 feet long. Using the conversion tables, what is the total length of five (5) destroyers like the KIDD docked end-to-end as shown in meters?

Answer: 573.4 meters
376 feet $\times 5$ destroyers $=1,880$ total feet
1,880 feet $\times 0.305$ meters $=573.4$ meters
2. The KIDD's fuel capacity is 3,250 barrels of oil. If the ship's fuel tanks are only a quarter of the way to full, how much more capacity do they have as measured in centiliters?

Answer: 38,902,500 centiliters
3,250 barrels $\times 0.75$ capacity $=2,437.50$ barrels
2,437.50 barrels $\times 159.6$ liters $=\mathbf{3 8 9}, 025$ liters
389,025 liters x $100=38,902,500$ centiliters
3. The KIDD displaces 2,050 tons when unloaded. She displaces 3,040 tons when fully loaded with fuel, water, ammunition, food stores, equipment, and the crew. How much is the difference between her loaded and unloaded displacements as measured in kilograms?

Answer: 898,128 kilograms 3,040 tons - 2050 tons $=990$ tons (difference)
990 tons $\times 2,000$ pounds $=1,980,000$ pounds
1,980,000 pounds $\times 0.4536$ kilograms $=\mathbf{8 9 8 , 1 2 8}$ kilograms
4. The USS KIDD can travel at a maximum speed of 37 knots. Her torpedoes can travel at a maximum speed of 83.34 kilometers per hour. What is the difference in maximum speeds between the KIDD and her torpedoes as measured in miles per hour?

Answer: 9.21 mph
$83.34 \mathrm{kph} \times 0.6214 \mathrm{mph}=51.79 \mathrm{mph}$ (torpedo max speed)
37 knots $\times 1.151 \mathrm{mph}=42.58 \mathrm{mph}(\mathrm{KIDD}$ max speed)
$51.79 \mathrm{mph}-42.58 \mathrm{mph}=9.21 \mathrm{mph}$ (difference)
5. The KIDD's evaporator can convert 12,000 gallons of sea water into fresh water each day. Doctors recommend that you drink eight 8 -fluid-ounce glasses of water each day. Given that the KIDD carries a crew of 330 men, would the evaporator be capable of providing enough drinking water for the whole crew based on the daily recommendation?

Answer: YES 8 fluid ounces $\times 8$ glasses $=64$ fluid ounces
64 fluid ounces $\times 330$ men $=21,120$ fluid ounces
21,120 fluid ounces / $16=1,320$ pints
1,320 pints / $2=660$ quarts
660 quarts / 4 = 165 gallons per day to drink 165 gallons (drink) < 12,000 gallons (evaporator)
6. In the novel 20,000 Leagues Under the Sea by Jules Verne, the characters traveled via the submarine NAUTILUS. The KIDD was designed to sail a distance of 6,500 nautical miles without refueling. If one (1) league equals 3,038 fathoms, how many times would KIDD have to refuel to travel the same distance as the NAUTILUS?

Answer: 9.23 refuelings

> 20,000 leagues $\times 3,038$ fathoms $=60,760,000$ fathoms
> $60,760,000$ fathoms $\times 6$ feet $=364,560,000$ feet
> $364,560,000$ feet $/ 6,076.11549$ feet $=59,998.85$ nautical miles $59,998.76$ nautical miles $/ 6,500$ nautical miles $=9.23$ refuelings

